Service Manual

2/93



DOLMAR 109 DOLMAR 110i DOLMAR 111 DOLMAR 111i DOLMAR 115i

DOLMAR





Table of contents

Index	Technical data	Page	3
	Special tools		4
01	Chain brake		5
02	Clutch, clutch drum		6
03	Oil pump		7
04	Ignition system		8
05	Starter assembly		10
06	Carburettor, intake system		11
07	Cover system, air filter		13
08	Vibration dampers, handle		14
09	Fuel tank		15
10	Cylinder and piston		16
11	Crankcase, crankshaft		17
12	Checking operations		18
	Torques		19



Technical data

Model			109	110i	111/111i	115i	
Displacement cm ³		ŧ	43	43	52	52	
Bore mm		Ħ	40	40	44	44	
Stroke mm		Ē	34	34	34	34	
Rating	Rating kW			2,0	2,3	2,4	2,7
ldling			L r.pm.	2500	2500	2500	2500
Allowed max. engine speed with bar and chain 1/min (* with speed limitation)		H	12500	13200	12500	13000	
Gap Fly	wheel / Coil	mm	ð	0,2-0,3	0,2-0,3	0,2-0,3	0,2-0,3
High tension w	rire length	mm	+	180	180	180	180
Spark plug	NGK			BPMR-7A	BPMR-7A	BPMR-7A	BPMR-7A
	BOSCH			WSR-6F	WSR-6F	WSR-6F	WSR-6F
	CHAMPION						
Elektrode gap	Elektrode gap mm			0,5	0,5	0,5	0,5
Fuel tank capacity Ltr.			0,56	0,56	0,56	0,56	
Oil tank capacity Ltr.		<u></u>	0,28	0,28	0,28	0,28	
Carb. adjustme	ent	L/H		1/1	1/ 1 1/8	1/1	1/ 1 1/8
Starter rope	ø / length	mm	*	3,5 / 980	3,5 / 980	3,5 / 980	3,5 / 980
Saw chain	Model		(2)000 000	093	084	093	099
			1 4 4 4	Normal profil	Low profil	Normal profil	Low profil
	Cutter type		7	7	7	7	7
				Semi chisel	Chisel	Semi chisel	Chisel
	Gauge	inch mm	000	3/8 (9,52)	.325 (8,2)	3/8 (9,52)	3/8 (9,52)
	Drive link	inch mm		0.58 (1,5)	0.58 (1,5)	0.58 (1,5)	0.58 (1,5)
	Filling Angle			35°	30°	35°	25°
	Side Angle		45	85°	75°	85°	60°
	Cutting Angle			60°	60°	60°	60°
	File Guide Angle		90° 0 10° 0	90°	10°	90°	90°
Depth Gage Setting mm			0,65	0,65	0,65	0,65	
File ø	From 1/2 Cutter	mm mm		5,5 4,8	4,5 4,0	5,5 4,8	5,5 4,8
Kick back reduction			Bumper	Depth Gauge	Bumper	Bumper	
		T		Drive Link		Drive Link	Drive Link
O. 441 m 1		Туре	#	Spur (fixed)	Rim (loose)	Spur (fixed)	Rim (loose)
Cutting length		cm		38	33/38	38	45
	Duite Links						
Sprocket	Drive Link	count		56 7	56/64 8	56 7	64 7



Special tools



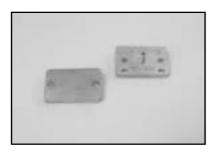
Mounting tool for clutch hub 944 500 680



Mounting tool for clutch hub 944 500 690



Puller for tension spring of chain brake 950 237 000



Sealing plate for leakage test of crankcase 944 603 020 / 944 603 030



Drift for piston pin 944 603 260



Special socket wrench for rubber buffer 944 500 621



Mounting for roler bearing crankcase 950 500 050



Puller for drive worm of oil pump 957 433 000



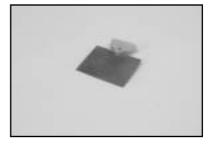
Snap ring pincer for external snap rings of starting system 946 101 010



Radial ring extractor 944 500 900



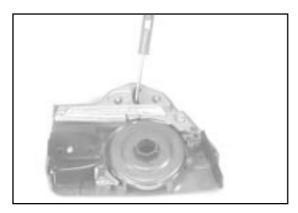
Mounting sleeve for radial rings 944 500 550



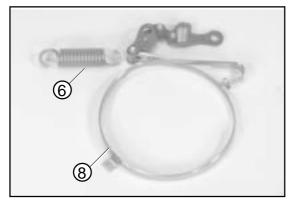
Setting gauge for ignition armature 944 500 890



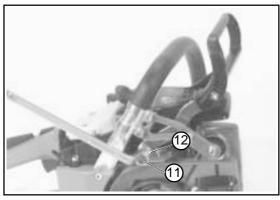
01 Chain brake



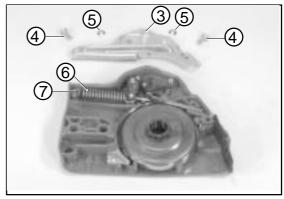
01-02 Releasing the chain brake Insert the clutch drum (1) and by levering down the brake gate, using a screwdriver (2), release the chain brake.



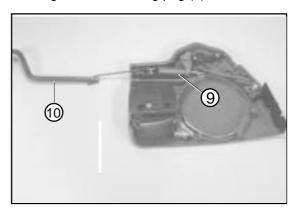
01-02 Replacing the brake band
A damaged or defective brake band (8) and a damaged or defective tension spring must be replaced without delay (6).
Caution: Safety components



01-04 Removing the hand guard Remove the nut (11) and push the screw (12) in direction of the cylinder. Unscrew screw (13) on the starter side and remove the insert (14).

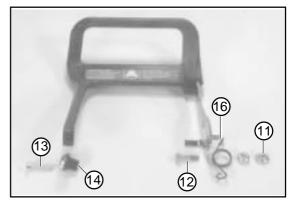


01-02 Relieving the tension spring
To remove the brake band it is necessary to remove the cover plate (3). For this purpose unscrew screws (4) and remove retaining rings (5). Relieve the tension spring (6) by levering it off the housing peg (7).



01-02 Pretensioning the tension spring and the brake gate

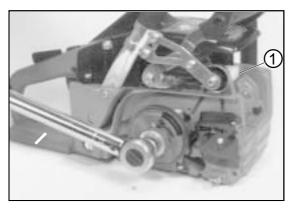
Following the installation of the brake band, engage the tension spring in the brake gate (9) and using the pulling hook (10) no. 950.237.000 pass the spring over the peg (7).



01-04 Fitting the hand guardWhen fitting the hand guard, ensure that the compression spring (16) is installed correctly.

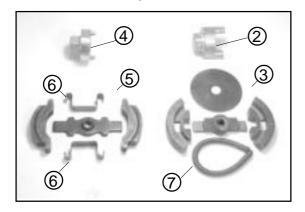


02 Clutch drum



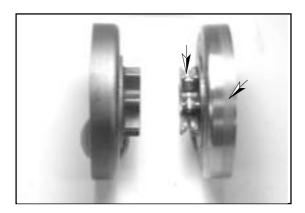
02-01 Removing the clutch drum

For the removal of the clutch/clutch drum it is necessary to immobilize the cylinder unit. For this purpose unscrew the silencer and insert the piston stopper wedge (1) into the exhaust duct of the cylinder.



02-01 Differing clutch designs

Clutch (5) for models 109, 110, 111. Clutch (3) for model 115. Clutch springs may be replaced as a complete set (6) or individually (7).



02-03 Checking the clutch drum /sprocket of models 109 / 111

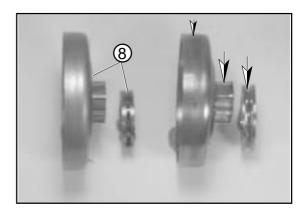
Worn sprockets or clutch drums (arrows) must be replaced.



02-01 Unscrewing the clutch

Use spanner (2), no. 944 500 680 for clutch (3) and use spanner (4) no. 944 500 690 for clutch (5).

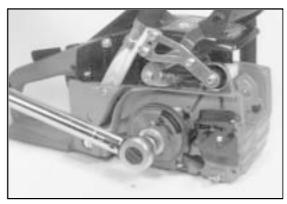
Caution: Left-hand thread



02-03 Checking the clutch drum /sprocket

Worn sprockets (arrows) or clutch drums must be replaced.

Ring pinion system (8) is standard equipment only for models 110/115. As replacement also available for models 109/111.

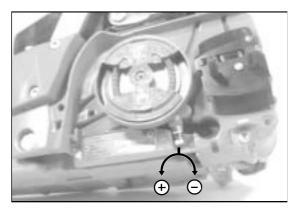


02-03 Mounting the clutch drum and clutch Prior to installation, lightly grease the clutch

drum bearing and tighten the clutch using a torque of 35 Nm.

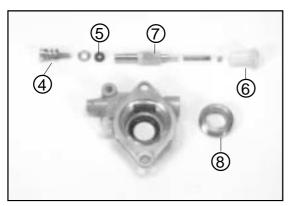


03 Oil pump



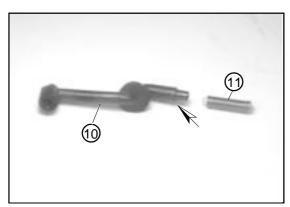
03-02 Adjusting the oil pump delivery Turn the screw:

clockwise for less chain oil anti-clockwise for more chain oil.



03-03 Checking the oil pump for wear Unscrew the set screw (4) and check the

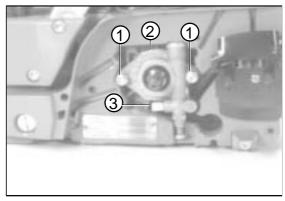
condition (5). Unscrew the guide bush (6) and check the pump plunger (7) for damage. Replace defective parts and clean the housing prior to assembling.



03-03 Cleaning the intake pipe

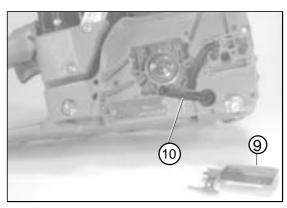
Withdraw the oil filter (11) prior to cleaning the intake pipe (10).

When installing the oil filter, pass the spring over the intake pipe against the stop (arrow).



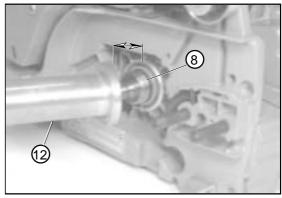
03-02 Removing the oil pump

Unscrew screw (1) and remove the pump housing (2) from the crankcase. Separate the intake pipe from the angular nipple (3).



03-04 Removing the intake pipe

Unscrew the chain guide plate (9) and withdraw the intake pipe (10) from the oil reservoir.



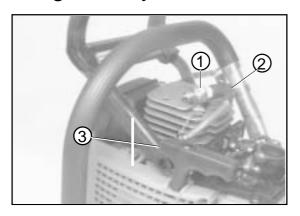
03-05 Withdrawing the worm

To remove the worm (8), screw the tool (12) onto the worm against the stop. Withdraw the worm from the crankshaft by tightening the screw.

Caution: Use the protective cap!

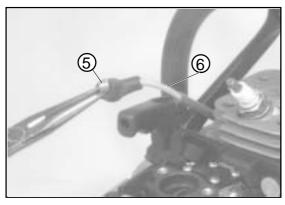


04 Ignition system



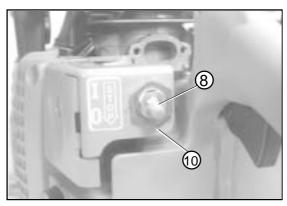
04-01 Checking the spark plugUnscrew the spark plug (1) and connect it to

Unscrew the spark plug (1) and connect it to the spark plug terminal (2). Hold the spark plug against cylinder ground and withdraw the starter rope (3). If no spark is generated, repeat using new spark plug.



04-02 Replacing the spark plug terminal

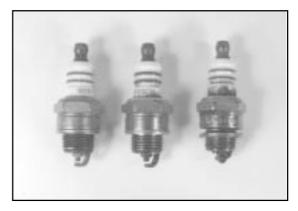
Remove the hood (07-01) for removing the spark plug terminal. Using a pair of pointed pliers hold the spring (7) of the plug connector and pass the rubber cap (5) towards the rear over the ignition cable (6).



04-03 Replacing the short-circuiting switch

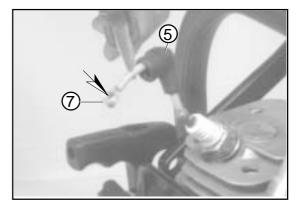
To remove the short-circuiting switch (8) first remove the filter hood, carburettor and bottom part (07-06).

Unscrew the nut (10) and withdraw the switch from the short-circuiting cable.



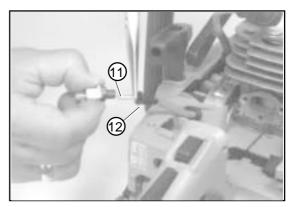
04-01 Checking the spark plug

Clean or renew contaminated or defective spark plugs.



04-02 Installing the spark plug terminal

First pass the rubber cap (5) over the ignition cable. Then engage the spring (7) in the existing hole of the ignition cable. In case of new ignition cables, press in the tip of the spring (refer to arrow).

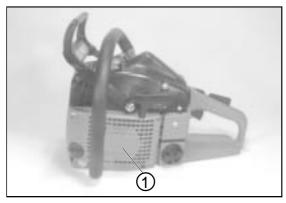


04-03 Installing the short-circuiting switch

Push the short-circuiting cable (11) into the switch and install the rubber cap (12) in place. Install the switch in the crankcase ensuring that the flat side faces upwards. Screw on nut (10) with the toothed side facing the housing.

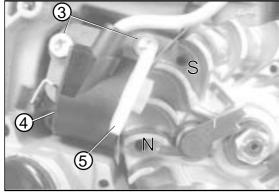


04 Ignition system

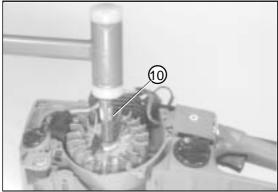


04-04 Removing the ignition armature and the flywheel

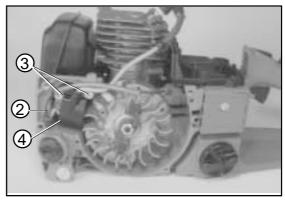
For the removal of the ignition armature unscrew the cover (07-01) and the starting assembly (1).



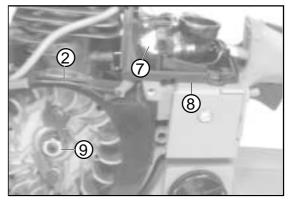
04-04 Installing the ignition armature Install the ignition armature and secure in place using screws (3). For setting the air gap, fit gauge (5), no. 944 500 890, between flywheel and armature. Turn the N/S marking of the flywheel towards the ignition armature.



04-04 Withdrawing the flywheelUnscrew nut (9). Screw the punch (10),
944 500 880, on the crankshaft and remove the flywheel by striking a jarring blow.



04-04 Removing ignition armature/flywheel Withdraw short-circuiting cable (2) from the armature and unscrew screws (3). When replacing, remove ignition cable from the ignition armature (4). Screw new ignition cable forcefully into the ignition armature.



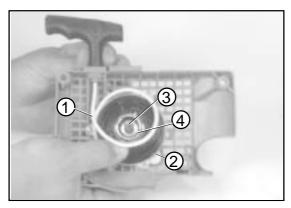
04-04 Replacing the short-circuiting cable For the removal of the short-circuiting cable (2) it is necessary to remove carburettor (7) and bottom part (8). When installing the cable, ensure that it is not caught when fitting the bottom part.



04-04 Installing the flywheelEnsure that the cone on the flywheel and on the crankshaft is free from grease.
Tighten the nut using a torque of 25 Nm (refer to table 995 709 180).



05 Starter assembly

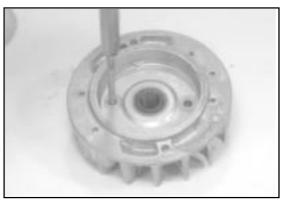


05-02 Removing the starter assembly Relieve the return spring before removing the starter assembly. For this purpose slightly withdraw the starter rope (1), while holding the rope drum (2). Remove the rope from the drum and allow the drum to rewind slowly.

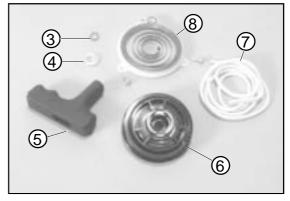


05-02 Attachment of the starter rope in the rope drum

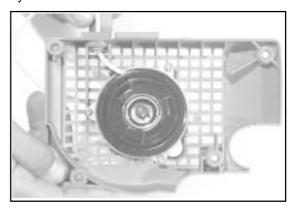
In case of this rope drum a knot prevents the starter rope from being withdrawn.



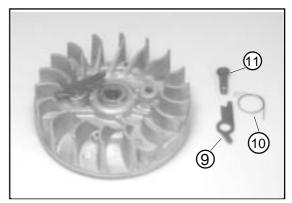
05-03 Replacing the starter ratchets Using a punch, remove the locating pin of the starter ratchet from the flywheel.



05-02 Removing the return spring Remove retaining ring (3) and washer (4). Separate handle (5) from rope (7), lift the rope drum from housing (6). Return spring and cassette (8) are secured to the ventilator housing by means of three screws.



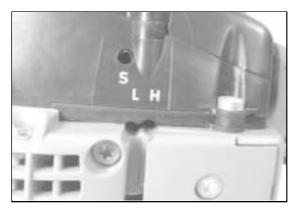
05-02 Pretensioning the return springAfter fitting the starting assembly, completely withdraw the starter rope and hold it in this position. It must now be possible to turn the rope drum by another 1/2 turn. Reduce the pretensioning force, when this is not possible.



05-03 Replacing the starter ratchetsStarter ratchet (9) with spring (10) and pin (11) must be replaced as a complete assembly only. Push the pin into the flywheel until it is flush with the inner edge. Before installing the pin, apply locking agent 980 009 000.



06 Carburettor



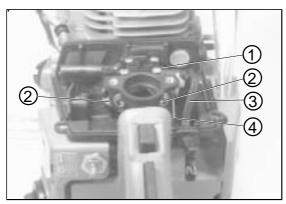
06-01 Adjusting the carburettor

To perform the basic adjustment, carefully screw in screws L and H against the stop. Then back off:

idling jet compensation jet

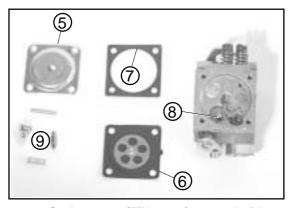
(L) = 1 turn (max. +1/4)

ation jet (H) =1 turn (max. -1/4)



06-02 Removing the carburettor

Remove filter cover and hood. Separate the fuel pipe (1) from the connection nipple. Unscrew the screws (2). Remove the choke lever (3) and carburettor linkage (4) after removal of the carburettor.

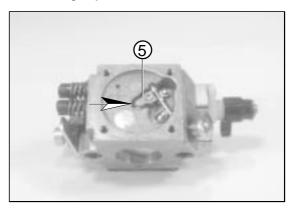


06-03 Carburettor (Tillotson) control side Remove cover (5), control diaphragm (6) and seal (7). Unscrew the screw (8). The control assembly (9) comprises the inlet needle, rocker arm, spring and shaft.



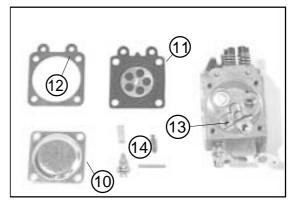
06-01 Adjusting the carburettor

Adjustment of engine speed during idling is by idling adjustment screw (S). When the engine speed is excessive (moving chain) or too low (engine stops) correct accordingly by means of the idling adjustment screw.



06-03 Adjusting the control lever

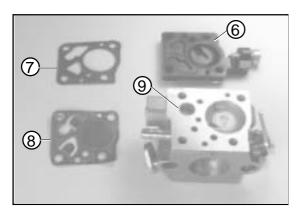
The control lever (5) must be aligned so that its surface is in parallel with the carburettor body (refer to arrow).



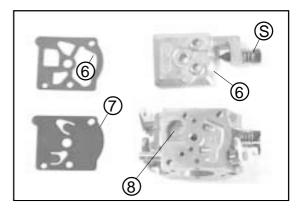
06-03 Carburettor (Walbro) control side Remove cover (10) control diaphragm (11) and seal (12). Unscrew the screw (13). The control assembly (14) comprises the inlet needle, rocker arm and shaft.



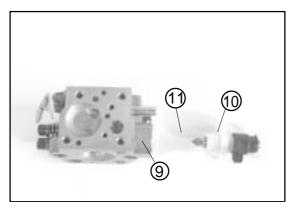
06 Carburettor



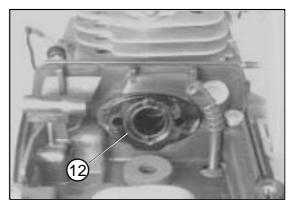
06-04 Carburettor (Tillotson) pump side Unscrew cover (6). Remove seal (7) and diaphragm (8). Carefully remove the fuel filter (9) for cleaning.



06-04 Carburettor (Walbro) pump sideUnscrew cover (5) with idling adjustment screw ("S"). Remove seal (6) and diaphragm (7). Carefully remove the fuel filter (8) for cleaning.



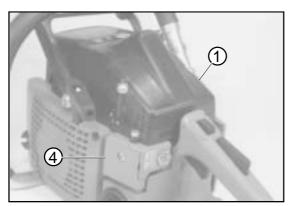
06-05 Removing the injection valve Unscrew attachment screw (9) and remove the valve assembly (10) from the carburettor body. Use new valve, if the needle tip (11) is worn.



06-08 Removing the intermediate flange
The intermediate flange (12) can be taken out after the carburettor has been removed.



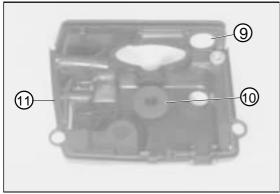
07 Cover system, air filter



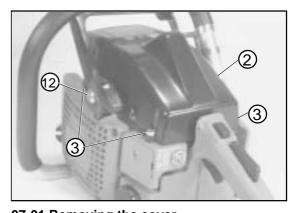
07-01 Removing the air filter cover For cleaning the air filter, remove cover (1). For cleaning the auxiliary filter, remove cover (4)



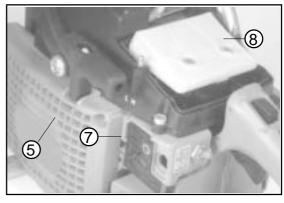
07-03 Cleaning the air filterRemove auxiliary filter (5) and unscrew the main filter (6).



07-06 Removing the bottom part
Following the removal of the carburettor, the bottom (11) can be removed. Integrated into the bottom are: - plug (9) for the winter heating system - ventilation bore/seal (10) for the carburettor control side.



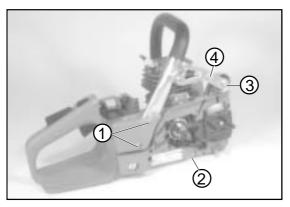
07-01 Removing the coverIn case of model 109 cover assembly (2) must be removed to clean the air filter. For this purpose remove lever attachment screw (12) and the three cover attachment screws (3).



07-03 Cleaning the air filterTo clean the main filter, separate the upper (7) and the lower part (8).



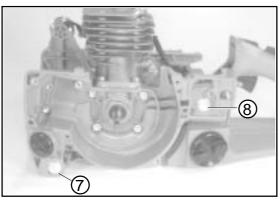
08 Vibration damping system, handle



08-01 Removing and fitting the handle

For the removal of the handle unscrew

- (1) 2 x tank screws (lateral)
- (2) 2 x tank screws (bottom)
- (3) 1 x vibration damper
- (4) catching band.



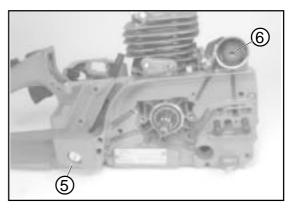
08-02 Replacing the vibration damper (MS) Remove screws (7) + (8), and using a Torx spanner unscrew the screws located underneath.

Note: screw(8) is located under the auxiliary filter.

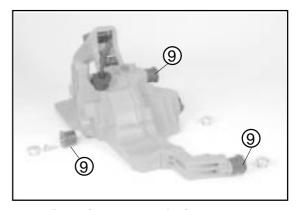


08-03 Damper system design

The fourth vibration damper (6) with pot (10) and catching band (4) is located between the supporting web (11) and the crankcase.



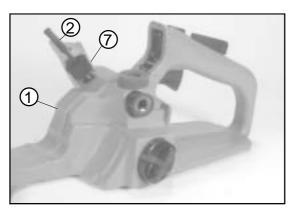
08-02 Replacing the vibration damper (KS) Unscrew screws (5), (3) + (4). Always use special tool, no. 944 500 621 when removing or fitting vibration dampers (6).



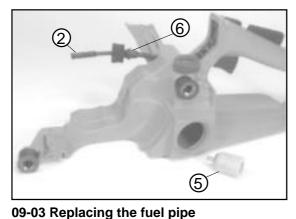
08-02 Damping system designThree identical vibration dampers (9) are provided on the tank housing.



09 Fuel tank

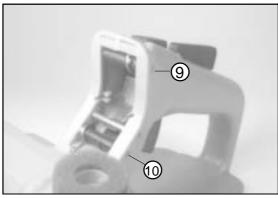


09-01 Removing and installing the fuel tank For the removal of the fuel tank (1) it is necessary to remove the vibration damper (08-02). Separate the fuel pipe (2) from the carburettor (06-02). Install seal (7) between tank and bottom part.



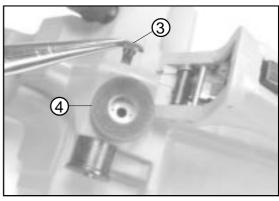
For the removal of the fuel pipe (2) withdraw the intake head (5) and withdraw the fuel pipe from the tank. When installing the fuel pipe

from the tank. When installing the fuel pipe, ensure that the sealing face (6) rests close against the tank.

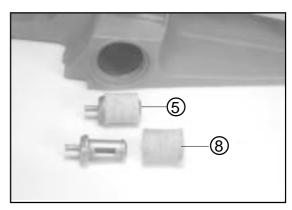


09-05 Removing the throttle lever and the starting throttle locking system

For this purpose push out the cylindrical pins (9) + (10). Remove the throttle lever and torsion spring (11).

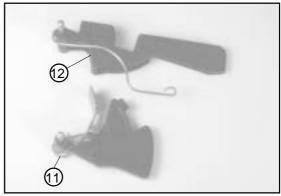


09-02 Replacing the ventilation valve
Remove carburettor (06-02) and bottom (07-06). Using a pair of pointed pliers, remove the ventilation valve (3) from the tank. Seal (4) will prevent contamination of the ventilation valve.



09-04 Replacing the intake head Separate the intake head (5) from the fuel pipe.

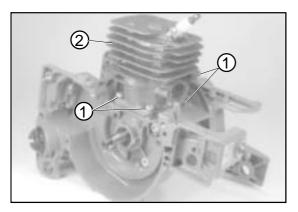
Note: The felt (8) can be replaced as an individual part.



09-05 Removing the throttle lever and the starting throttle locking system
Remove the half-throttle and compression spring (12) from the housing.

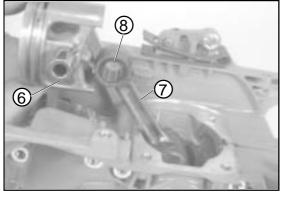


10 Cylinder and piston



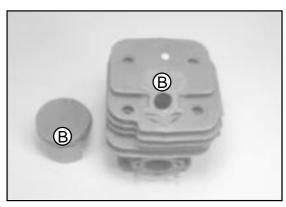
10-01 Removing the cylinder

To remove the cylinder, unscrew the four cylinder attachment screws (1). Lift off the cylinder from the housing and piston.



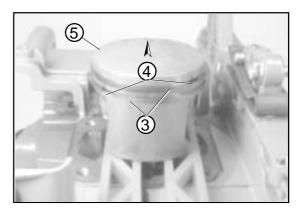
10-01 Removing the cylinder

Remove the gudgeon pin retaining ring and press out the gudgeon pin (6). Remove the piston from piston rod (7) with bearing (8).



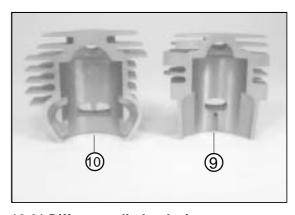
10-01 Cylinder and piston marking

In case of Henkel duct cylinders, piston and cylinder are precision-machined to form a single assembly. The identification A, B or C can be found on the top part.



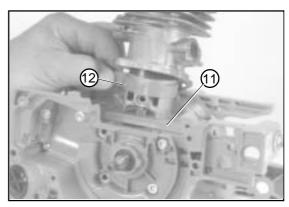
10-01 Replacing the piston rings

Spread the piston rings (3) at the ring cap (4) and carefully remove the piston (5). Note: When assembling, ensure that the arrow points to the silencer.



10-01 Different cylinder design

Die cast cylinder (9) for models 109/111 and piston with one piston ring. Henkel cylinder (10) for models110/115 and two piston rings.

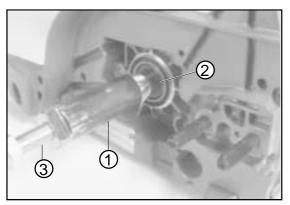


10-01 Installing the cylinder

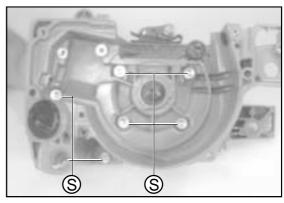
Place the fork (11), no. 944 600 001, on the crankcase, align the piston rings (3) and compress them using the tension band (12). Pass the cylinder over the piston while sliding the tension band downwards.



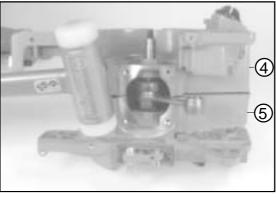
11 Crankcase, crankshaft



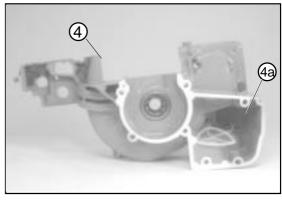
11-01 Replacing the radial sealing rings Tightly screw tool (1), no. 944 500 900, into the sealing ring (2) and withdraw it from the crankcase by means of the spindle (3).



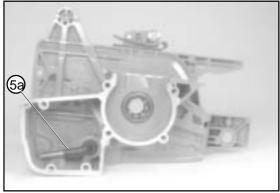
11-03 Dismantling the crankcaseFor dismantling the crankcase and oil reservoir remove the seven attachment screws.



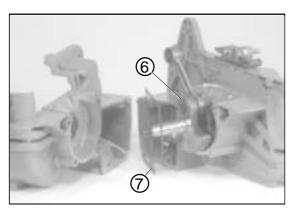
11-03 Removing the crankcaseAfter removing the attachment screws, separate the crankcase using a plastic hammer.



11-03 Crankcase is divided into a magnet side -MS- (4) including the oil reservoir (4a) and tank closing mechanism.



11-03 Crankcase is divided into a clutch side -KS- (5) including the oil reservoir and the intake pipe (5a). Note: Housings supplied as spare parts are already fitted with needle bearings and radial sealing rings.



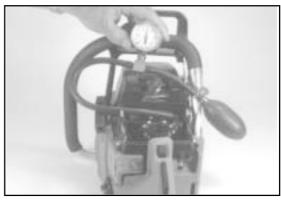
11-03 Assembling the crankcase halves Start by inserting the crankshaft (6) into the -KS- half. Place the seal (7) and press both halves together.



12 Checking operations



12-02 Checking the ignition systemUse tester no. 956.010.300 for checking the ignition system / spark plug.



12-03 Checking the carburettorFor in-situ checking of the carburettor separate the fuel pipe from the connection nipple. Fit pressure tester no. 965.004.000 to the connection nipple.



12-03 Checking carburettor and crankcase Pressure-testing of the carburettor or crankcase is to be performed at max. 0.5 bar.



screwed connections
Cylinder base screw, crankcase screws, silencer screws, the flywheel nut and the clutch hub, must be tightened using the prescribed torque.



12-05 Checking the crankcase with cylinder For pressure-testing the crankcase blank off the exhaust duct using flange no. 944 603 030. Screw flange no. 944 603 020 to the inlet duct.



Torques

Assy. set	Туре	109/110i/111/111i/115i	
Muffler		8,5 + 0,5	
Crankcase		10,0 + 1,0**	
Cylinder	10,0 ± 1,0**		
Ignition Coil	6,0 + 1,0		
Turbular handle	2,7 + 0,3		
Rubber buffer	2,0 ± 0,2		
Intermediate flange			
Carburattor	5,0 + 0,5		
Clutch hub	35,0 + 0,5		
Flywheel	25,0 + 5,0		
Spark plug	25,0 ± 5,0		